

Core themes	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Children will	Children will	Children will learn	Children will learn	Children will learn	Children will
	learn	learn				learn
Health and	Keeping well and	Healthy people	Emotions and	Drug education.	Healthy lifestyles	Mental health
Wellbeing	<u>clean</u>	 that different 	<u>feelings</u>	Alcohol and decision	 about how their 	and online safety
C C	 that things 	things help their	 that mental 	<u>making.</u>	own lifestyle	 about the
	people put into	bodies to be	health and	 to understand the 	contributes to	benefits of
	their bodies can	healthy, including	wellbeing is a	effect alcohol has on	their health and	rationing time
	affect how they	food and drink,	normal part of	the body • to	that habits can	spent online and
	feel	physical activity,	daily life, in the	understand the law	have both a	the impact of
	 why hygiene is 	sleep and rest	same way as	and risks relating to	positive and	positive and
	important and	• to recognise the	physical health,	alcohol • to	negative effect on	negative content
	how simple	importance of	and therefore we	understand why	this	online on their
	hygiene routines	knowing when to	must take care of	people choose to use	 about what 	own and others'
	can stop germs	take a break from	our mental health	or not use legal drugs	constitutes a	mental and
	from being	time online or TV	and wellbeing	such as alcohol.	healthy diet;	physical health
	passed on	 that a healthy 	 that people's 	Healthy lifestyles	benefits of eating	and wellbeing
	 how physical 	person has good	feelings change	 about what food is 	nutritionally rich	 why social
	activity and	physical and	over time, their	healthy and to	food and the risks	media and some
	healthy eating	mental health	feelings may range	recognise	of not eating a	online games are
	helps them to	and wellbeing	in intensity and	opportunities to	healthy diet	age restricted
	stay healthy	Keeping safe	that different	make their own	including obesity	 how to be a
	 what they can 	 how rules and 	people may	choices about food,	and tooth decay	discerning
	do to take care of	restrictions help	experience the	what might influence	 about the 	consumer of
	themselves on a	them to keep safe	same feelings with	their choices and the	benefits of good	information online
	daily basis	 how to identify 	different levels of	benefits of eating a	quality sleep on	and that
		risky and	intensity • how to	balanced diet	our health	information from
		potentially unsafe	talk about their		including the	search engines is



• who helps help	situations (in	emotions and how	 about what good 	effects of lack of	ranked, selected
them to stay	familiar and	to respond	physical health	sleep on the body,	and targeted
healthy	unfamiliar	appropriately in	means and how to	feelings, behaviour	Moving on
Awareness of	environments,	different situations	recognise early signs	and ability to learn	• to recognise
feelings	including online)	 strategies to 	of physical illness	Drug education.	their individuality
• How to	and learn what	manage transitions	 how medicines, 	Legal and illegal	and personal
	steps they can	between classes	when used	drugs.	qualities,
recognise and	• •				•
name different •	take to avoid or	and key stages.	responsibly,	• about a range of	strengths and
A range of words	remove	Drug education.	contribute to health;	legal (including	achievements and
to describe	themselves from	Smoking and basic	that some diseases	alcohol, tobacco	how these
feelings	them	<u>first aid.</u>	can be prevented by	and energy drinks)	contribute to a
 How to tell how 	 that not 	 to understand 	vaccinations and	and illegal drugs,	sense of self-
people are	everything they	the impact of	immunisations; how	their risks and	worth and mental
feeling	see online is true	smoking and	allergies can be	effects	health and
Keeping safe	or trustworthy	passive smoking	managed.	 about different 	wellbeing
 that household 	and that people	 school rules 		beliefs around	 about taking on
products,	can pretend to be	about health and		drug use and drug	more personal
including	someone they	safety, basic		users (using social	responsibility,
medicines, can be	are not	emergency aid		norms e.g. very	managing setback
harmful if not	 how to tell a 	procedures, where		few young people	and reframe
used properly	trusted adult	and how to get		smoke)	unhelpful thinking
 how medicines 	if/when they are	help (how to make		 strategies to 	• about change,
can help people	worried for	a clear and		resist drug use	including
stay healthy and	themselves or	efficient call to 999			transitions
that some people	others, worried	if necessary)			(between Key
need to take	that something is,	in necessary,			Stages and
medicines every	or feels, unsafe,				schools), loss,
day to stay	or if they come				separation,
	•				separation,
healthy	across something				



	• some basic rules to keep safe online	that scares or concerns them, including how to get help in an emergency; how				divorce and bereavement
		to dial 999 and				
		what to say				
Relationships	All about me • what they like/dislike and are good • what makes them special and that everyone has different strengths • how their personal features or qualities are unique to them • how they are similar or different to others, and what they have in common <u>My friendships</u>	Making and breaking friendships • about when friendships break up, or people move away All about my feelings • to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time or feels the same about the same about the same things • about different things they can do to manage their own big feelings, to learn	Peer influence/pressure • to recognise the importance of self respect • that pressure to behave in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way can come from a variety of sources, including people they know and the media • about critical thinking and decision making <u>Different families</u> • about different types of family structures (e.g.	Friendships/inclusion about about discrimination and how to challenge it that friendships change over time, including making new friends and having different types of friends respecting the similarities and differences between people that people feel included within healthy friendships; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded. 	Friendships and coping with bullying • about what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. trust, kindness, shared interests etc.) and that the same principles apply to online friendships • know that friendships have ups and downs • the difference between 'knowing someone online' and 'knowing someone face-to-	Conflict resolution • about how to deal with conflicts as they arise • how to recognise pressure from others to do something that is unsafe, or that feels unsafe or uncomfortable, and strategies for managing this (including online)
		ways they can	single parent,			



 about what 	help calm	same sex, foster		face' and the	
makes a good	themselves down	parents)		associated risks	
friend				 about the impact 	
	and help change	• that positive		•	
about different	their mood when	family life is about		of bullying and to	
types of friends,	they don't feel	caring		recognise if/when	
including grown-	good	relationships and		they feel unsafe or	
ups	 to recognise 	giving love,		uncomfortable	
 simple 	when they need	security and		within a friendship	
strategies to	help with	stability.		(online or offline)	
resolve conflict	feelings, that it is			Being left out	
between friends	important to ask			 about respecting 	
 that hurtful 	for help with			differences and	
behaviour is not	feelings when			similarities	
acceptable and	they need to do			between people	
how to report	so, and know			and recognising	
bullying	how to ask for it			what they have in	
(including				common (e.g.	
cyberbullying)				physically,	
 the difference 				personality,	
between secrets				background)	
and surprises and				• how it feels to be	
the importance				excluded or	
of not keeping				discriminated	
adults' secrets,				against	
only surprises				0	
• What 'privacy'					
means and the					
importance of					
			1		



	respecting					
	others' privacy					
Living in the Wider	Being different	Money shopping	Me and my	Local community –	Money	Democracy and
World	 more about 	and saving	community	shared	 I know that some 	decisions
	other people's	 about spending 	 why and how 	<u>responsibilities</u>	things are better	 learn about
	opinions and	money and	rules and laws that	 to value the 	value for money	government and
	views	understanding	protect themselves	different	than others and	parliament
	 about the 	the importance of	and others are	contributions that	that I can make	Money and me
	different groups	waiting for and	made and	people and groups	comparisons	 about the role
	they belong to	checking	enforced, why	make to the	between prices	money plays in
	(clubs, faith,	 that I have 	different rules are	community	when deciding	their own and
	cultural heritage	choices about	needed in different	 ways of carrying 	what is best value	others' lives,
	etc)	spending and	situations and how	out shared	for money	including the
	The environment	saving money,	to take part in	responsibilities for	 that people's 	impact it can have
	 what can harm 	and that people	making and	protecting the	spending decisions	on people's
	the local and	may make	changing rules	environment in	can affect others	feelings and
	global	different choices	 that there are 	school and at home;	and the	emotions
	environment;	about how to	different kinds of	how everyday	environment (e.g.	 about risks
	how they and	save and spend	responsibilities,	choices can affect the	Fairtrade, buying	associated with
	others can help	money	rights and duties at	environment (e.g.	single-use plastics,	money including
	care for it	Special days	home, at school, in	reducing, reusing,	or giving to charity)	different ways
		 about a range 	the community	recycling, food	Working together	money can be
		of festivals BV	and towards the	choices)	and aspirations	won or lost
			environment	Aspirations	 how they can 	through gambling-
			 about school and 	• about	work together to	related activities
			local democracy	career/gender	bring about change	(including online)
			Where do things	stereotypes in the	 about some of 	and the impact
			come from?	workplace and that a	the skills, including	this has on health,
				person's career	enterprise skills,	



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 about sources of 	aspirations should	that will help them	wellbeing and
products and	not be limited by	in their future	future aspirations
Fairtrade	them	careers e.g.	 about enterprise
 that people's 	 about what might 	teamwork,	and the skills that
decisions can	influence people's	communication	make someone
affect others and	decisions about a job	and negotiation.	'enterprising'
the environment	or career (e.g.		Aspirations, work
e.g.	personal interests		and career.
Fairtrade, buying	and values, family		 that some jobs
single-use plastics,	connections to		are paid more
giving to charity.	certain trades,		than others and
	strengths and		money is one
	qualities, ways in		factor which may
	which stereotypical		influence a
	assumptions can		person's job or
	deter people from		career choice; that
	certain jobs)		people may
	Managing money		choose to do
	 to recognise that 		voluntary work
	people make		which is unpaid
	spending decisions		• to identify the
	based on priorities,		kind of job they
	needs and wants		might like to do
	 that I can keep my 		when they are
	money in a standard		, older
	bank account and the		 to recognise a
	benefits this might		variety of routes
	have		into careers (e.g.
	IIave		college,



		 that if I don't have 	apprenticeship,
		enough money I may	university.
		have to borrow but	
		that if I do I will have	
		to pay it back.	